## ICS 215A-CG INCIDENT ACTION PLAN SAFETY ANALYSIS (rev 2/15)

**Instructions for filling out the form**

**Purpose:** The purpose of this worksheet is to aid the Safety Officer in completing an operational risk assessment to prioritize hazards and develop appropriate controls. The 2015 change removed the GAR terminology from the form – this is the only change from the 2006 version.

**Preparation:** During the Incident Action Planning cycle where the Operations Section Chief (OSC) is preparing for the tactics meeting, the Safety Officer works alongside the OSC and completes the Incident Action Plan Safety Analysis. This sheet mirrors the ICS 215 form. Work assignments are listed along with associated hazards. A calculation is made that determines what level of risk each work assignment poses. For those assignments having significant risk, controls are developed for safeguarding responders. The net risk is evaluated against the gain. The Incident Commander should be alerted to all safety hazards that receive high risk rating (e.g. red) after controls have been established.

**Distribution:** The Operational Hazard Worksheet is attached to the Incident Site Safety Plan and is distributed according to the instruction for Site Safety Plans.

**Instructions:**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Item # | Item Title | Instructions |
| 1 | Incident Name | Print the name assigned to the incident. |
| 2 | Date/Time Prepared | Enter date (month, day, year) and time prepared. |
| 3 | Division/Group | Enter the Branch, Division or Group title in abbreviated form. |
| 4 | Work Assignment | List the work assignment for each Branch, Division or Group. |
| 5 | Gain | Check the gain that is achieved when the work assignment is accomplished. There MUST be a gain if personnel will be put at risk.  |
| 6 | Hazards | Using the IAP Safety Analysis Aid (page 2), list the type of hazards likely to be encountered for the work assignment. Place a check mark in the box below the hazard. |
| 7 | Controls | Using the IAP Safety Analysis Aid (page 2), list the type of controls likely to be used for addressing the hazards listed. Place a check mark in the box below the control. |
| 8 | ORM | Using the "Key", assign a number from 1 to 5 based on the level of severity, probability and exposure. **Multiply** all numbers together to get a total. Enter this number into the total column. Using the scale on the bottom of the sheet, assign a color, risk level or action phrase in this block.  |
| 9 | Prepared by | Enter the name of the person who completed this worksheet. |

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**ICS-215A-CG INCIDENT ACTION PLAN SAFETY ANALYSIS AID**

# HAZARDS:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Physical** | **Chemical/Biological** | **Human** |
| * Slipping
 | * Explosion
 | * Violence
 |
| * Tripping
 | * Flammable
 | * Poor Lifting
 |
| * Fall
 | * Air Reactive
 | * Repetition
 |
| * Overhead
 | * Water Reactive
 | * Excessive Force
 |
| * Heat Stress
 | * Chem Reactive
 | * Poor posture
 |
| * Cold Stress
 | * Alpha Rad
 | * Awkward motion
 |
| * Electrical
 | * Beta Rad
 | * Fatigue
 |
| * Blunt Objects
 | * Gamma Rad
 | * Poor hygiene
 |
| * Sharp Objects
 | * X Rad
 | * Illness
 |
| * Noise
 | * Bio-weapon
 | * Alcohol/Drugs
 |
| * Vehicle
 | * Chem-weapon
 | * Over crowding
 |
| * Fire
 | * Irritant
 | * Poor comms
 |
| * Sun/UV Glare
 | * Asphyxiant
 | * Noise interference
 |
| * Sun Burn
 | * Oxidizer
 | * Smoking
 |
| * Moving Pinch Points
 | * Carcinogen
 | * Driving
 |
| * Unguarded Machinery
 | * Corrosive
 | **Animal/Plant** |
| * Lightning
 | * Cryogenic
 | * Bites/Stings
 |
| * Drowning
 | * Toxic
 | * Poison
 |
| * Engulfment
 | * Biomed/pathogen
 | * Thorns/burrs
 |
| * Limited Egress/Access
 | * Particulates
 | * Swarms
 |
|  | * Fumes (weld etc.)
 | * Disease
 |
|  | * O2 Deficiency
 | * Feces/Coliforms
 |

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# CONTROLS:

Types of Engineering Controls:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| * Barriers
 | * Shields
 | * Dams
 |
| * Capping
 | * Covering
 | * Fencing
 |
| * Terminating
 | * Shutting
 | * Blocking
 |
| * Chocks
 | * Enclosures
 | * Diverters
 |
| * Flanging
 | * Guarding
 | * Substitution
 |
| * Scaffolding
 | * Grounding
 | * Substitution
 |
| * Bonding
 | * Insulation
 | * Lighting
 |
| * Locks, Tags
 | * Kill-switches
 | * Shut-off valves
 |
| * Taglines
 | * Circuit Breakers
 | * Process change
 |
| * Plugging, patching
 | * Sealing
 | * Absorbers
 |

Types of Administrative Controls:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| * Reduced work duration
 | * Worker rotation
 | * Safety plans
 |
| * Training
 | * Safety briefs
 | * Relief personnel
 |
| * Maintenance
 | * Drinking fluids
 | * Work/rest periods
 |
| * Good housekeeping
 | * Roving security
 | * Signs
 |
| * Warning lights
 | * Alarms
 | * Break areas
 |
| * Pre-inspections
 | * Field checks
 | * Buddy system
 |
| * Line of sight comms
 | * Comms schedule
 | * Equipt staging
 |
| * Load shifting
 | * Hazard marking
 | * Placarding
 |
| * Labeling
 | * Hand signals
 | * Safety observers
 |
| * Fendering
 | * Work plans
 | * Replenish fluids
 |
| * Handcarts/trolleys
 | * Fire extinguishers
 | * Drum bulking
 |
| * Eye Wash Station
 | * Hand washers
 | * Showers
 |

Types of Personal Protective Equipment Controls:

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| * Hard hats
 | * Steel-toed shoes
 | * Safety glasses
 |
| * Safety goggles
 | * Face shields
 | * Hearing Protection
 |
| * Life jacket
 | * Fall arrests
 | * SCBA
 |
| * APRs
 | * Chemical suits
 | * Flash suits
 |
| * Fire resistant suits
 | * Work gloves
 | * Chemical gloves
 |
| * Sun glasses
 | * Sun-block
 | * Life rings
 |
| * Eye wash stations
 | * Night vision
 | * Thermal protection
 |
| * Dry/wet suits
 | * Hand warmers
 | * Wind breaker coat
 |
| * Knee pads
 | * Over garments
 | * Coveralls
 |
| * Booties
 | * Cooling vests
 | * Chap lip protection
 |
| * Hats for warming
 | * Gloves (warmth)
 | * Clothing (warmth)
 |